The Health Care Law and You:

How does the ACA help Asian Americans, Native Hawaiians and Pacific Islanders in Region 10 (Alaska, Idaho, Oregon and Washington)?





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GoToWebinar Housekeeping: Time for Questions



Your Participation

 Please submit your text questions and comments using the Questions Panel

Note: Today's presentation is being recorded.

Health Care Reform and the Affordable Care Act



The Problem

- Insurance companies could take advantage of consumers and discriminate against the 129 million Americans with pre-existing conditions.
- Premiums had more than doubled over the last decade, while insurance company profits were soaring.
- Fifty million Americans were uninsured, tens of millions more were underinsured, and those that had coverage were often afraid of losing it.
 - 18.1% of Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders are uninsured





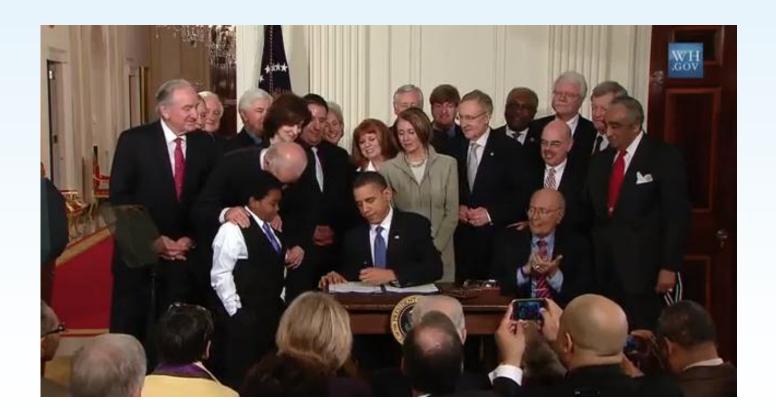
The Critical Need for Health Reform

- U.S. spent more than 16% of its Gross Domestic Product (GDP) on health care in 2009
- 72 Americans die each day, 500 Americans die every week and approximately 2,175 Americans die each month, due to lack of health insurance (Dying for Coverage, Families USA, June 2012)



The Health Care Law

In March 2010, President Obama signed into law the Affordable Care Act.





The Affordable Care Act

- Expands coverage
- Offers new consumer protections and consumer choice
- Makes health care more affordable
- Improves quality
- Improves prevention and public health
- Puts budget and economy on a more stable path





The Law Stops Insurance Companies from Taking Advantage of You

Patient's Bill of Rights

It is now illegal for insurance companies to:

- Deny coverage to children because of a pre-existing condition like asthma and diabetes.
- Put a lifetime cap on how much care they will pay for if you get sick.
- Cancel your coverage when you get sick by finding a mistake on your paperwork.
- And more...



The Law Makes Health Care More Affordable

BEFORE, many insurance companies spent as much as 40 cents of every premium dollar on overhead, marketing, and CEO salaries.



TODAY, we have the new 80/20 rule: in most states, insurance companies must spend at least 80 cents of your premium dollar on your health care or improvements to care.





If they don't, you get money back.

The Law Makes Health Care More Affordable

BEFORE, insurance companies could raise your premiums by double digits without justification.

TODAY, insurance companies must publicly justify their actions if they want to raise premiums by 10 percent or more. And states have more power to block them.





The Law Makes Health Care More Affordable

BEFORE, small businesses paid an average of 18 percent more for health insurance than large companies.

TODAY, small businesses can get tax credits to help pay for coverage for their employees.

"In 2010, we paid close to \$11,000 for employees' health insurance. The tax credit cut our costs by over \$2,000. For a small business struggling to keep health coverage, that makes all the difference. We were actually considering dropping our insurance, but the tax credit tipped the

--Matt H. in Montana

balance and helped us maintain coverage."



The Law Increases Your Access to Affordable Care

Young adults under the age of 26 can now stay on their parents' health plans.

"I honestly don't know what we would have done.... There was no way we could have afforded it. I might not be here right now."

--Kylie L., 23, in Illinois, who credits the health care law for enabling a life-saving heart transplant





The Law Increases Your Access to Affordable Care

There are new plans in every state for people who have been locked out of the insurance market because of a pre-existing condition like cancer or heart disease.

"When I was diagnosed, they told me I had a 60 percent chance of being cured. That's pretty good odds, but I was also terribly worried about finances. Now I don't feel like we can't afford the treatment."

--Gail O. in New Hampshire

For more, visit www.PCIP.gov.





The Law Increases Your Access to Affordable Care

In many cases, you can get preventive services for free:

- √ Cancer screenings such as mammograms & colonoscopies
- ▼ Vaccinations such as flu, mumps & measles
- **▼** Blood pressure screening
- Cholesterol screening
- Tobacco cessation counseling and interventions
- **☑** Birth control
- Depression screening
- **✓** And more...







The Law Strengthens Medicare

- Many free preventive services such as mammograms and colonoscopies and a free annual wellness visit.
- A 50% discount on covered brand-name medications for those in the prescription drug donut hole – an average savings of nearly \$600 per person in 2011. The donut hole will be closed in 2020.
- Strong anti-fraud measures, including tougher penalties for criminals.
- Makes sure your doctors can spend more time with you and improve care coordination – just like they do at hospitals such as the Mayo Clinic and Cleveland Clinic.





More Improvements to Come

In 2014:

- Discriminating against anyone because of a pre-existing condition will be illegal.
- Insurance companies won't be able to charge women more than men.
- Middle class tax credits will make buying insurance more affordable.
- There will be new State-based marketplaces called Affordable Insurance Exchanges – where private insurers will compete for your business. Members of Congress will have to buy insurance there, too.



What is an Exchange?

- Organized marketplace for buying health insurance
- Exchanges will create:
 - Lower costs
 - One stop shopping for consumers
 - Greater benefits and protections
 - Increased competition through comparative shopping and more informed consumers
- Authorized by the Affordable Care Act
- State must apply for approval by November 16, 2012/operational by January 1, 2014



Exchanges: Coverage/Affordability Programs

Qualified Health Plans without Financial Assistance

Qualified Health Plan with Premium Tax Credits-133%-400% FPL

Cost-sharing reductions between 133% - 250% FPL

250% FPL

400%

FPL

133% FPL* Medicaid/CHIP Children

Medicaid Adults

CHIP/Medicaid for Children FPL Varies by State

Process note there is a 5% income disregard equiled by section 1902(e)(14)(I) of the Social

ACA & Health Disparities: Improving Health Equity

Coordinated Care: New investments in community health teams to manage chronic disease



- Diversity and cultural competency. Initiatives to increase racial & ethnic diversity in the health workforce; strengthen cultural competency training for all health care providers
- **Data collection**: Any ongoing or new Federal health program must collect info on how women and racial and ethnic minorities experience the health care system, leading to improvements for these groups.



ACA & Health Disparities: Improving Health Equity

- Providing preventive care
- Ending insurance discrimination
- Expanding the healthcare workforce
- Increased funding for Community Health Centers
- HHS Action Plan to Reduce Racial and Ethnic Health Disparities



Without the Affordable Care Act...

- 3.1 million young adults would lose their insurance coverage
- Nearly 105 million Americans vulnerable again to having lifetime limits
- Nearly 74.8 million Americans would not know if they are receiving value for their health insurance premium dollars
- over 5.1 million Americans on Medicare would not have saved over \$3.2
 billion on prescription drugs
- Over 16 million American on Medicare would not have received preventive services without a co-pay in 2012 alone.



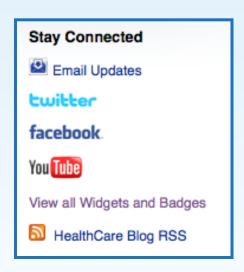
Americans would not have the resources to crack down on unreasonable insurance premium increases

Learn More

http://www.healthcare.gov/



Social Networks



Questions:

Email Regional Director Susan Johnson at Susan.Johnson@hhs.gov or Regional Outreach Specialist Elizabeth Arjun at Elizabeth.Arjun@hhs.gov

More information:



The Affordable Care Act and Asian Americans and Pacific Islanders
ASPE Report (April 2012)





Impact of the ACA on Asian and Pacific Islanders in Oregon

Rev. Joseph Santos-Lyons, Development & Policy Director, APANO

APANO Background

Formed in 1996

1500 members

- 30 organizational partners
- Vision: We envision a just and equitable world where Asians and Pacific Islanders are fully engaged in the social, economic and political issues that affect us.

The Case for Health Equity & Reform

- Race matters Over 2.3 million Asian Americans are uninsured nationally. Highest among Koreans (31%), Pacific Islanders (24%), Vietnamese (21%) and South Asians (20%)
- Language matters Nearly 9 out of 10 English speakers (88%) lack proficiency in health literacy
- Culture matters Health care access problems are exacerbated in API communities by immigration status, language barrieres, cultural stigmas regarding public benefits, and low utilization of primary and preventative care

Advocacy Agenda

 Start with Equity by improving cultural competency, accessibility and affordability

 Passage of Health Insurance Exchange and Coordinated Care Organization Legislation

 Policy, Environment and System Change that improves the Social Determinants of Health

ACA Implementation in Oregon

- Oregon legislation creates state-run Health Insurance Exchanges for 600,000 uninsured Oregonians (2011)
- Oregon legislation establishes Coordinated Care
 Organizations for 600,000 medicaid members (2011)
- Federal Government promises \$1.9 billion over 5 years to support CCO development
- Oregon DHS-OHA Race, Ethnicity and Language Data Policy

Impact of ACA on Asian and Pacific Islanders in Oregon

Extend health care to over 20,000 uninsured
 Asian and Pacific Islanders

- Language Accessible Services
- Improved Data Collection and Analysis
- Building a more diverse workforce

Increase cultural competency

Oregon Advocacy Coalitions

APANO

Oregon Health Equity Alliance

HOPE Regional Equity Coalition

Health Care Reform Collaborative

What's Next?

- Essential Benefits and Accessibility for ORHIX (Oregon Health Insurance Exchange)
- Train Community Health Workers as part of Coordinated Care Organizations
- Study and implement improved data collection and analysis
- Foster cultural competency continuing education for health professionals



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Thank you!

Please email <u>webinar@apiahf.org</u> with any questions, comments or concerns.



